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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/813,025	03/31/2004	Ti-Wen Yuan	BHT-3212-57	3871
75	90 09/25/2006		EXAM	INER
TROXELL LAW OFFICE PLLC			LE, NHAN T	
SUITE 1404 5205 LEESBURG PIKE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22041			2618	

DATE MAILED: 09/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/813,025	YUAN, TI-WEN	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Nhan T. Le	2618	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence ac	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 M	arch 2004.		
	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		ters, prosecution as to the	e merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>1,2,6,7,11,12,16 and 17</u> is/are rejecte	d.		
7) Claim(s) <u>3-5,8-10,13-15 and 18-20</u> is/are object	cted to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			•
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b)⊡ objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form P	TO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority 	s have been received. s have been received in A	Application No	l Stage
application from the International Bureau			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	t received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10/05/05</u> .	6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1, 6, 11, 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morimoto (US 2004/0176148) in view of Ichihara (US 6,275,699).

As to claims 1, 11, Morimoto teaches an automatic frequency control system (see fig. 2, number 43, paragraphs 0025, 0028-0030) applied in a mobile station of a wireless cellular system for automatically controlling a frequency signal to be substantially synchronized with an input signal which is a first received signal from a first base station and being capable of shifting the frequency of the local frequency signal to be close to that of a second received signal from a second base station when the input signal is changed from the first received signal to the second received signal, the system comprising: an automatic frequency controller (see fig. 2, number 43, controlling signal for radio unit, paragraphs 0025, 0028-0030) for receiving the input signal and generating the frequency signal; and a control module (see fig. 2, number 43, paragraphs 0025, 0028-0030); wherein when the input signal is changed from the first received signal to the second received signal. Morimoto fails to teach where the AFC controlling a local frequency signal; a memory unit for storing a plurality of AFC parameter sets, each AFC parameter set being corresponding to a base station within

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the wireless cellular system and the control module fetches the AFC parameter set. which corresponds to the second base station, from the memory unit and applies the fetched AFC parameter set, which corresponds to the second base station, to the automatic frequency controller to shift the frequency of the local frequency signal. Ichihara teaches where the AFC controlling a local frequency signal (see fig. 2, number 7, col. 2, lines 46-55, col. 3, lines 16-20, 66-67, col. 4, lines 1-15); a memory unit (see fig. 2, number 13, col. 3, lines 66-67, col. 4, lines 1-15) for storing a plurality of AFC parameter sets, each AFC parameter set being corresponding to a base station within the wireless cellular system and the control module (see fig. 2, number 12, col. 2, lines 63-67) fetches the AFC parameter set, which corresponds to the second base station, from the memory unit and applies the fetched AFC parameter set, which corresponds to the second base station, to the automatic frequency controller to shift the frequency of the local frequency signal. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Ichihara into the system of Morimoto in order to enable the synchronization and spectrum de-spreading.

As to claims 6, 16, Morimoto teaches an auxiliary system of an automatic frequency controller (see fig. 2, number 43, paragraphs 0025, 0028-0030) applied in a mobile station of a wireless cellular system for automatically controlling a frequency signal to be substantially synchronized with an input signal which is a first received signal from a first base station and being capable of shifting the frequency of the local frequency signal to be close to that of a second received signal from a second base station when the input signal is changed from the first received signal to the second

received signal, the system comprising: a control module (see fig. 2, number 43, paragraphs 0025, 0028-0030); wherein when the input signal is changed from the first received signal to the second received signal. Morimoto fails to teach where the AFC controlling a local frequency signal; a memory unit for storing a plurality of AFC parameter sets, each AFC parameter set being corresponding to a base station within the wireless cellular system and the control module fetches the AFC parameter set. which corresponds to the second base station, from the memory unit and applies the fetched AFC parameter set, which corresponds to the second base station, to the automatic frequency controller to shift the frequency of the local frequency signal. Ichihara teaches where the AFC controlling a local frequency signal (see fig. 2, number 7, col. 2, lines 46-55, col. 3, lines 16-20, 66-67, col. 4, lines 1-15); a memory unit (see fig. 2, number 13, col. 3, lines 66-67, col. 4, lines 1-15) for storing a plurality of AFC parameter sets, each AFC parameter set being corresponding to a base station within the wireless cellular system and the control module (see fig. 2, number 12, col. 2, lines 63-67) fetches the AFC parameter set, which corresponds to the second base station, from the memory unit and applies the fetched AFC parameter set, which corresponds to the second base station, to the automatic frequency controller to shift the frequency of the local frequency signal. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Ichihara into the system of Morimoto in order to enable the synchronization and spectrum de-spreading.

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2. <u>Claims 2, 7, 12, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable</u>
over Morimoto (US 2004/0176148) in view of Ichihara (US 6,275,699) further in view of
Applicant Admitted Prior Art.

As to claims 2, 7, 12, 17, the combination of Morimoto and Ichihara fails to teach wherein the automatic frequency controller comprises: a frequency detection module for comparing the input signal with the local frequency signal, and outputting a frequency error between the input signal and the local frequency signal; a processing module for receiving the frequency error and generating a frequency control signal; a frequency generator for generating the local frequency signal according to the frequency control signal. Applicant Admitted Prior Art teaches wherein the automatic frequency controller comprises: a frequency detection module (see fig. 2, number 19, paragraph 0008) for comparing the input signal with the local frequency signal, and outputting a frequency error between the input signal and the local frequency signal; a processing module (see fig. 2, number 20, paragraph 0008) for receiving the frequency error and generating a frequency control signal; a frequency generator (see fig. 2, number 22, paragraph 0008) for generating the local frequency signal according to the frequency control signal. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Applicant Admitted Prior Art into the system of Morimoto and Ichihara in order to synchronize the input signals with the local frequency signals.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 3-5, 8-10, 13-15, 18-20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

As to claims 3, 8, 13, 18, the applied reference fails to teach the automatic frequency control system, wherein the control module further extracting the AFC parameter set from the automatic frequency controller and stores the AFC parameter set to the memory unit as cited in the claim.

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Majaniemi (US 20030054772) teaches method for performing measurement in wireless terminal and a wireless terminal.

Mori (US 5,774,800) teaches radio communication apparatus with reference frequency control based on stored characteristic control data.

Kurisu et al (US 5,634,205) teaches radio equipment based on AFC system with temperature and detection and method of AFC.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nhan T. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-7892. The examiner can normally be reached on 08:00-05:00 (Mon-Fri).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban can be reached on 571-272-7899. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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